B2.3-R4: BASICS OF OS, UNIX AND SHELL PROGRAMMING

अवधि: 03 घंटे अधिकतम अंक: 100 **DURATION: 03 Hours** MAXIMUM MARKS: 100 ओएमआर शीट सं.: **OMR Sheet No.:** रोल नं.: उत्तर-पुस्तिका सं.: Roll No.: **Answer Sheet No.:** परीक्षार्थी का नाम: परीक्षार्थी के हस्ताक्षर: Name of Candidate: _; Signature of candidate: _ परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश: Instructions for Candidate: Carefully read the instructions given on Question Paper, OMR Sheet कृपया प्रश्न-पुस्तिका, ओएमआर शीट एवं उत्तर-पुस्तिका में दिये गए निर्देशों and Answer Sheet. को ध्यान पूर्वक पढ़ें। Question Paper is in English language. Candidate can answer in प्रश्न-पुस्तिका की भाषा अंग्रेजी है। परीक्षार्थी केवल अंग्रेजी भाषा में ही उत्तर English language only. दे सकता है। There are TWO PARTS in this Module/Paper. PART ONE contains इस मॉड्यूल/पेपर के दो भाग है। भाग एक में चार प्रश्न और भाग दो में FOUR questions and PART TWO contains FIVE questions. पाँच प्रश्न है। PART ONE is Objective type and carries 40 Marks. PART TWO is भाग एक "वैकल्पिक" प्रकार का है जिसके कुल अंक 40 है तथा भाग दो, subjective type and carries 60 Marks. "व्यक्तिपरक" प्रकार है और इसके कुल अंक 60 है। PART ONE is to be answered in the OMR ANSWER SHEET only, भाग एक के उत्तर, इस प्रश्न-पत्र के साथ दी गई ओएमआर उत्तर-पुस्तिका supplied with the question paper, as per the instructions contained पर, उसमें दिये गए अन्देशों के अन्सार ही दिये जाने है। भाग दो की therein. PART ONE is NOT to be answered in the answer book for उत्तर-पुस्तिका में भाग एक के उत्तर नहीं दिये जाने चाहिए। PART TWO. Maximum time allotted for PART ONE is ONE HOUR. Answer book भाग एक के लिए अधिकतम समय सीमा एक घण्टा निर्धारित की गई है। for PART TWO will be supplied at the table when the answer sheet भाग दो की उत्तर-पुस्तिका, भाग एक की उत्तर-पुस्तिका जमा कराने के for PART ONE is returned. However, candidates who complete पश्चात दी जाएगी। तथापि, निर्धारित एक घंटे से पहले भाग एक पूरा करने PART ONE earlier than one hour, can collect the answer book for PART TWO immediately after handing over the answer sheet for वाले परीक्षार्थी भाग एक की उत्तर-पुस्तिका निरीक्षक को सौंपने के तुरंत बाद, PART ONE. भाग दो की उत्तर-पुस्तिका ले सकते हैं। Candidate cannot leave the examination hall/room without परीक्षार्थी, उपस्थिति-पत्रिका पर हस्ताक्षर किए बिना एवं अपनी signing on the attendance sheet and handing over his Answer उत्तर-पुस्तिका, निरीक्षक को सौंपे बिना, परीक्षा हाल नहीं छोड़ सकता हैं। sheet to the invigilator. Failing in doing so, will amount to disqualification of Candidate in this Module/Paper. ऐसा नही करने पर, परीक्षार्थी को इस मॉड्यूल/पेपर में अयोग्य घोषित कर दिया जाएगा। After receiving the instruction to open the booklet and before प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को खोलने के निर्देश मिलने के पश्चात एवं उत्तर देने से पहले answering the questions, the candidate should ensure that the उम्मीदवार यह जाँच कर यह स्निश्चित कर ले कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका प्रत्येक Question booklet is complete in all respect. दृष्टि से संपूर्ण है।

जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए तब तक प्रश्न-पुस्तिका न खोलें। DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

PART ONE (Answer all the questions)

- 1. Each question below gives a multiple choice of answers. Choose the most appropriate one and enter in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)
- 1.1 Unix OS was first developed by
- A) Dennis Ritchie
- B) Bjarne stroustrup
- C) Ken Thompson
- D) Brian Kernighan
- 1.2 Which of the following is a command for searching a pattern in a file?
- A) Find B) group
- C) look up D) None of the above
- 1.3 Shell Program is stored in a file called
- A) Unix B) sh
- C) dd D) cc
- 1.4 Which one of the following is not a client server application?
- A) Internet chat B) Web Browsing
- C) E-mail D) Ping
- 1.5 Which of the following commands is used to count the total number of lines, words and characters contained in a file?
- A) count p B) wcount
- C) wc D) count w
- 1.6 Which of the following uses UDP as the transport protocol?
- A) HTTP B) Telnet
- C) DNS D) SMTP
- 1.7 Windows 95 is
- A) Multitasking
- B) Multiprocessing
- C) Single user single tasking
- D) None of the above
- 1.8 File descriptors are brought to primary storage when
- A) file is opened B) file is created
- C) file is modified D) file is destroyed
- 1.9 For batch process, the access is
- A) Random access
- B) Sequential access
- C) Indexed sequential access
- D) Index sequential
- 1.10 Which command is used to display the directory attributes rather than its contents?

A)	ls -l -d	B)	ls -l
C)	ls –x	D)	ls -F

- 2. Each statement below is either TRUE or FALSE. Choose the most appropriate one and enter your choice in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)
- 2.1 File initiation and termination is done by basic I/O supervisor.
- 2.2 The security of a system can be improved by audit log.
- 2.3 cat is not a filter.
- 2.4 :wq is used with vi editor to save file and to quit the editing mode.
- 2.5 Bandwidth refers to the capacity of the communication line.
- 2.6 A program in execution is called a function.
- 2.7 TCP is used to transfer data/files among computers on the internet.
- 2.8 Absolute path is relative to current path.
- 2.9 Telnet is a remote login.
- 2.10 \$# shows the count of the arguments passed to the script.

3. Match words and phrases in column X with the closest related meaning/ word(s)/phrase(s) in column Y. Enter your selection in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

X		Y		
3.1	Command which displays currently running program.	Α.	\$	
3.2	These are the processes which have died but whose exit status is still not picked by the parent process.	В.	Malicious access	
3.3	Secret key encryption is also known as	C.	Block special file	
3.4	System calls are usually invoked by	D.	ps	
3.5	Command used to take the cursor to the end of a line	E.	Disks	
3.6	Fastest memory	F.	uname -r	
3.7	Command to display your working directory	G.	Software interrupt	
3.8	Unauthorized destruction of data	H.	chmod	
3.9	Not a human interface device	Ι.	Zombie	
3.10	Command to change the file permission	J.	number of characters	
		K.	pwd	
		L.	Symmetric encryption	
		М.	Register	

4. Each statement below has a blank space to fit one of the word(s) or phrase(s) in the list below. Choose the most appropriate option, enter your choice in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

Α.	Object	В.	\$	C.	read
D.	init	E.	Wireless	F.	Swapping
G.	Operating system	Н.	ps-ag	I.	fork
J.	touch	Κ.	Bandwidth	L.	Modem
М.	od				

- 4.1 A ______ is used to capture some specific property of the object.
- 4.2 _____ can be used to find out about all running processes.
- 4.3 _____ metacharacters will be recognized by the shell, even if it comes within double quotes.
- 4.4 Page making process from main memory to disk is called ______.
- 4.5 _____ is creation of new process.
- 4.6 _____ is measured in kbps, mbps and gbps.
- 4.7 A device that convert digital signal to analog signal is _____.
- 4.8 Infrared is _____ communication medium.
- 4.9 _____ command is used to display file contents in octal form.
- 4.10 Sector interleaving in disk is done by _____.

PART TWO (Answer any FOUR questions)

5.

- a) Discuss interactive process management tools.
- b) Explain fork() system call.
- c) What is the use of 'grep' command?

(5+5+5)

6.

- a) Discuss TCP/IP protocol suite. How TCP/IP is different from OSI suite.
- b) What are external and internal commands in UNIX?
- c) What are various modes in a file system?

(6+4+5)

7.

- a) What is vi editor? What are the different modes of vi editor?
- b) What is UNIX shell? Draw the architecture of UNIX operating system.
- c) What is operating system? Describe the functions of an operating system in detail.

(5+5+5)

8.

- a) What is an Open Source Software? Give some examples of Open Source Software.
- b) *scd* is a stream editor. Explain usage of *scd* and some basic options of it.
- c) What is difference between \$\$ and \$!? What are zombie processes?
- d) Explain the following terms:
 - i) Environment variables
 - ii) Control structures

(3+3+3+6)

9.

- a) What is FOR loop in UNIX? Write the syntax for it.
- b) What is the use of break and continue command?
- c) How to find all the files created after a predefined date time, say after 10th April 10AM? How to print the contents of a file line by line?
- d) What do you mean by device file? Where can you locate them? What are the various types of device files in UNIX?

(3+3+4+5)