No. of Printed Pages : 2

B4.4-R4 : COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA

NOTE :

2.

- 1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
- 2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- 1. (a) How Color is handled in RGB color model? Explain the use of indexed color for setting color attribute.
 - (b) Explain comparison between emissive and non-emissive display.
 - (c) Explain scaling rotation and translation with suitable examples.
 - (d) What is pipeline processor architecture ? How does it increase processing speed ?
 - (e) Differentiate between window port and view port.
 - (f) Describe how parallel projection is different from perspective projection.
 - (g) Explain polygon clipping with suitable example. (7x4)
 - (a) What is line clipping? Explain cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm with suitable example.
 - (b) Differentiate between Vector scan display and Raster scan display.
 - (c) Write procedure to fill polygon using Flood fill.
- **3.** (a) A point (4, 3) is rotated counter-clockwise by an angle of 45 degree. Find the rotation matrix and the resultant point.
 - (b) Use the Cohen Sutherland algorithm to clip two lines P1(40, 15)-P2(75, 45) and P3(70, 20)-P4(100, 10) against a window A(50, 10), B(80, 10), C(80, 40), D(50,40).
 - (c) Consider the line from (0, 0) to (4, 6). Use DDA algorithm to rasterize this line.

(6+6+6)

(8+4+6)

- **4.** (a) Derive the expression for decision parameter used in Bresenham's Circle algorithm.
 - (b) Apply the Shearing transformation to square with A(0, 0), B(1, 0), C(1, 1) and D(0, 1) as given below :
 - (1) Shear parameter value of 0.5 relative to the line Yref = -1;
 - (2) Shear parameter value of 0.5 relative to the line Xref = -1;
 - (c) Find a transformation of triangle A(1, 0), B(0, 1), C(1, 1) by
 - (1) Rotating 45 degree about the origin and then translating one unit in X and Y direction.
 - (2) Translating one unit in X and Y direction and then rotating 45 degree about the origin. (6+6+6)

- 5. (a) Why homogeneous coordinates are used for handing geometric transformation?
 - (b) What is Transformation? Explain the steps involved in 3D transformation.
 - (c) What are the various representation schemes used in three dimensional object?

- **6.** (a) Consider a quadratic B-spline curve with uniform knot spacing. Consider a segment with control points (1, 0) (1, 1) and (0, 1) in that order. What are the end-points of the curve segment ? What is the mid-point of the curve segment ?
 - (b) Now repeat the question for a cubic B-spline curve with control points (-1, -1), (-1, 1), (1, 1), and (1, -1). (9+9)
- 7. Write the short notes on the following : (any three)
 - (a) Halftone pattern
 - (b) Dithering
 - (c) Subtractive colors
 - (d) Pseudo animation
 - (e) Ray Tracing
 - (f) Koch Curve

(3x6)

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