

C5-R4 : DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING

NOTE :

1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

1. (a) What is knowledge discovery in database ? How does it is related to data mining ?
 (b) Elaborate the following statement. "Dimension table is wide and fact table is deep". Justify your answer with suitable example.
 (c) What is meant by Association rule mining ?
 (d) Differentiate between ROLAP and MOLAP.
 (e) Explain case-based reasoning with suitable example.
 (f) What is the difference between view and materialized view ?
 (g) What is a decision tree ? (7x4)

2. (a) What is data preprocessing ? Explain various steps involved in data preprocessing.
 (b) Discuss different type of operations that can be performed on data cube.
 (c) Explain different component tables of the star schema ? Describe the composition of the primary keys for the dimension and fact tables. (6+6+6)

3. (a) Differentiate between OLTP and OLAP.
 (b) Explain the three-tier data warehouse architecture.
 (c) What are three major types of metadata in data-warehouse ? Explain the purpose of each type. (6+6+6)

4. (a) Explain applications of association rule mining.
 (b) Develop the Apriori algorithm for generating frequent item sets.
 (c) Consider the following transaction data set :

Tid	1	2	3	4	5	5	7	8	9	10
Items	{a,b}	{b,c,d}	{a,c,d,e}	{a,d,e}	{a,b,c}	{a,b,c,d}	{a}	{a,b,c}	{a,b,d}	{b,c,e}

Construct the FP tree by showing the trees separately after reading each transaction. (4+6+8)

5. (a) Suppose that the data mining task is to cluster the following eight points, with (x, y) representing location, into 3 clusters.

A1(2, 10); A2(2, 5); A3(8, 4); B1(5, 8); B2(7, 5); B3(6, 4); C1(1, 2); C2(4, 9) :

The distance function is Euclidean distance. Suppose initially, we assign A1, B1 and C1 as the center of each cluster respectively. Use the k-means algorithm to show :

(i) The three cluster centers after the first-round execution

(ii) The final three clusters.

- (b) Compute the Euclidean and Manhattan distance between the two objects represented by following tuples (1, 6, 2, 5, 3) and (3, 5, 2, 6, 6).

(12+6)

6. (a) What do you mean by metadata repository ? Why it is required ? What should a metadata repository contain ?

(b) Discuss various applications of data mining.

(c) Explain memory-based reasoning method and its applications.

(6+6+6)

7. (a) For the given confusion matrix below for three classes. Find sensitivity and specificity metrics to estimate predictive accuracy of classification methods.

Predicted Class	True Class		
	1	2	3
1	8	1	1
2	2	9	2
3	0	0	7

(b) How to improve accuracy of classification ? Explain.

(c) Explain Partitioning and Hierarchical methods of cluster analysis.

(10+4+4)

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