No. of Printed	Pages:8
----------------	---------

Sl. No.	
---------	--

B2.52-R4: SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Total Time: 03 Hours	Total Marks : 100
	OMR Sheet No. :
Roll No. :	Answer Sheet No. :
Name of Candidate :	: Signature of Candidate :

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES:

- Carefully read the instructions given on Question Paper, OMR Sheet and Answer Sheet.
- Question Paper is in English language. Candidate has to answer in English language only.
- There are TWO PARTS in this Module/Paper. PART ONE contains FOUR questions and PART TWO contains FIVE questions.
- PART ONE is Objective type and carries 40 Marks. PART TWO is Subjective type and carries 60 Marks.
- PART ONE is to be answered in the OMR ANSWER SHEET only, supplied with the question paper, as per the instructions contained therein. PART ONE is NOT to be answered in the answer book for PART TWO.
- Maximum time allotted for PART ONE is ONE HOUR. Answer book for PART TWO will be supplied
 at the table when the Answer Sheet for PART ONE is returned. However, Candidates who complete
 PART ONE earlier than one hour, can collect the answer book for PART TWO immediately after
 handing over the Answer Sheet for PART ONE to the Invigilator.
- Candidate cannot leave the examination hall/room without signing on the attendance sheet and handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the invigilator. Failing in doing so, will amount to disqualification of Candidate in this Module/Paper.
- After receiving the instruction to open the booklet and before answering the questions, the candidate should ensure that the Question Booklet is complete in all respects.

DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

PART ONE

(Answer all the questions)

1.	Each question below gives a multiple
	choice of answers. Choose the most
	appropriate one and enter in the "OMR"
	answer sheet attached to the question
	paper, following instructions therein.

(1x10)

- 1.1 At the integration level, achieving the desired goal may be prevented in ______ testing if the test cases and results are not recorded properly.
 - (A) Bottom-Up
 - (B) Big Bang
 - (C) Top-Down
 - (D) System
- 1.2 Unit testing is to test the _____ of the units.
 - (A) Performance
 - (B) System issues
 - (C) Functionality
 - (D) Hardware failure
- **1.3** Which of the following defines the relationship between major structural elements of the software?
 - (A) Data design
 - (B) Linked list
 - (C) Cohesion
 - (D) Architectural design

- **1.4** Which requirements are the foundation from which quality is measured?
 - (A) Hardware
 - (B) Software
 - (C) Programmers
 - (D) None of the mentioned
- **1.5** Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project ?
 - (A) amount of technical work
 - (B) evaluations to be performed
 - (C) audits and reviews to be performed
 - (D) documents to be produced by the SQA group
- **1.6** Who identifies, documents, and verifies that corrections have been made to the software?
 - (A) Project manager
 - (B) Project team
 - (C) SQA group
 - (D) All of the mentioned
- **1.7** What is not included in prevention costs?
 - (A) quality planning
 - (B) formal technical reviews
 - (C) test equipment
 - (D) equipment calibration and maintenance

1.8	Qua engi	lity Management in software neering is also known as :	2. Each statement below is either TRUE FALSE. Choose the most appropriate o and ENTER in the "OMR" sheet attach				
	(A)	SQA		to the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)			
	(B)	SQM	2.1	Validation refers to the set of tasks that ensure that software correctly implements a specific function.			
	(C)	SQI		•			
	(D)	SQA and SQM	2.2	Software quality assurance consists of the auditing and reporting functions of management.			
1.9		ch of the following is/are White box nique ?	2.3	Software safety is equivalent to software reliability.			
	(A)	Statement Testing	2.4	Misinterpretation of customer communication is a sample of possible cause defects.			
	(B)	Decision Testing					
	(C)	Condition Coverage	2.5	Quality of design encompasses requirements and specifications of the system.			
	(D)	All of the mentioned	2.6	Finding Defect is not a major goal of Acceptance Testing.			
1.10	Whic	ch of the following is black box testing?	2.7	'Q' organizations are less quality conscious organizations.			
	(A)	Basic path testing	2.8	Inventions may lead to major changes in technical way of doing work.			
	(B)	Boundary value analysis					
	(C)	Code path analysis	2.9	SDLC stands for Software Design Life Cycle.			
	(D)	None of the mentioned	2.10	Acceptance testing is also known as alpha testing.			
Page	3	SPACE FOR R	OUGI	H WORK B2.52-R4/08-23			

3. Match words and phrases in column X with the closest related meaning/word(s)/phrases in column Y. Enter your selection in the "OMR" answer sheet attached to the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

	X		Y
3.1	СММ	A.	The document is produced at the end of the requirements phase of the software development cycle.
3.2	Executable code	В.	Software Quality Assurance
3.3	Black-Box Testing	C.	Product Design Layout
3.4	Quality assurance	D.	Program Design Language
3.5	SCM is an important element of	Е.	ISO 9001
3.6	Software Requirements Specification	F.	Capability Maturity Model
3.7	СОСОМО	G.	Helps in code creation, debugging and testing
3.8	PERT	н.	Constructive Capability Mode
3.9	PDL	I.	Functional testing
3.10	The quality standard used in software engineering process is	J.	An activity that consists of auditing and reporting functions of management.
		K.	Product Evaluation and Review Testing
		L.	Program Evaluation and Review Technique
		M.	Constructive Cost Mode

4. Each statement below has a blank space to fit one of the word(s) or phrase(s) in the list below. Choose the most appropriate option, enter your choice in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

A.	Discipline	B.	Linear Order	C.	SQL Injection	D.	Cyclomatic complexity
Е.	Integrity	F.	Quality Assurance	G.	Software reviews		Instructions or Computer programs
I.	Technical risks	J.	Product	K.	Reliability	L.	Performance testing
M.	TestDirector						

4.1	In Water fall model, the phases involved in the software development are organized in
4.2	Software is a process and
4.3	threaten the quality and timeliness of the software to be built.
4.4	is mainly used for testing real-time and embedded systems.
4.5	Software is a set of that when executed provide desired function and performance.
4.6	are a "filter" to software engineering processes.
4.7	defines the extent to which access to software or data by unauthorized persons can be controlled.
	can be controlled.
4.8	is a software measure, that provides a quantitative measure of logical complexity
	of a program.
4.9	The important metrics used during testing is
4 10	
4.10	Software engineering is a

PART TWO

(Answer any FOUR questions)

- 5. (a) Explain Equivalence partitioning.
 - (b) Difference between Software Verification & Validation
 - (c) Define the terms : Quality assurance and Quality control.

(5+5+5)

- 6. (a) Describe the components and quality which is necessary for the documents of software specification.
 - (b) What is black box testing? What are the different black box testing techniques?

(7+8)

- 7. (a) Describe the top-down and the bottomup software testing approach. Also enlist the advantages and disadvantages of the same.
 - (b) Why quality of the software is important? List out various software quality parameters.

(8+7)

- **8.** (a) Briefly explain the CMM architecture. Briefly explain the five maturity levels in the CMM model.
 - (b) What is Total Quality Management (TQM)? What is the difference between TQM and Total Quality Control (TQC)?

 (8+7)

9. (a) What is Software Testing Metrics? Explain its Importance and Types.

- (b) What is configuration management?
- (c) What is Integrated Development Environment (IDE) ? (5+5+5)

- o 0 o -

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Page 7 B2.52-R4/08-23

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Page 8 B2.52-R4/08-23