## **B4.3-R4: OBJECT ORIENTED DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

NOTE:			

Total Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

- 1. (a) Give the advantages of Object Oriented Programming.
  - (b) Class diagrams developed using Booch's methodology can serve as the functional specification of a system. Justify your answer.
  - (c) Define Object Definition Language (ODL). What are the attributes of ODL?
  - (d) What is Object Query Language? Enumerate its features.
  - (e) Elucidate the technical challenges in Information Integration.
  - (f) Explain the concept of Inheritance in Object Oriented databases.
  - (g) Narrate the shortcomings of Document Type Definitions.

(7x4)

- 2. (a) What is an XML database? How do you access XML data?
  - (b) Why are integrity constraints important in Databases? Explain all types of integrity constraints with examples.
  - (c) Differentiate between Generalization, Specialization and Aggregation.

(6+6+6)

- 3. (a) What is the importance of checkpoints in the Database Management Systems? How are checkpoints used in the system log file of Database Management Systems?
  - (b) Compare and Contrast Relational Database Management Systems (RDBMS), Object Relational Database Management Systems (ORDBMS) and Object Oriented Database Systems (OODBMS). You can compare RDBMS & ORDBMS and ORDBMS & OODBMS.

(6+12)

- **4.** (a) Compare the Object Oriented features with C++, Smalltalk and Java.
  - (b) How does CORBA function? Enumerate basic steps for implementing CORBA.

(9+9)

Page 1 B4.3-R4/08-23

- 5. (a) Elucidate the concepts of Starflake Schema and Snowflake Schema in Data Warehousing. Write down the key differences between Starflake Schema and Snowflake Schema.
  - (b) Differentiate between :-
    - (i) Method Overloading and Method Overriding
    - (ii) Class Diagram and State Diagram
    - (iii) MOLAP and ROLAP

(6+12)

- **6.** (a) What are Virtual Functions? Explain in detail with one example.
  - (b) What is Semi-Structured Data? Discuss the motivation behind Semi-Structured Data Model. (9+9)
- 7. (a) Discuss the role of Object Management Group (OMG) in forming standards in OOP technology.
  - (b) Enumerate and explain the methods to distinguish between transient and persistent data. (9+9)

- o 0 o-

Page 2 B4.3-R4/08-23