Assistant Director (Admin.)

Booklet No.:

EXAMINATION QUESTION BOOKLET   **420043**

Duration: 90 minutes   **Test Booklet Series: A**

Roll No.: [ ][ ][ ][ ]   **Answer Sheet No** [ ][ ][ ][ ][ ]

Name of Candidate_____
Signature of candidate_____

उम्मीदवारों के लिए निर्देश	**Instructions for Candidate**
इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में **85** बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न है।प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार विकल्प दिए गए है (A),(B),(C) और (D)। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक सही विकल्प है। सही विकल्प का चुनाव करे और प्रश्न के सामने वाले सही गोले को उत्तर पुस्तिका में काला करें।	This booklet consists of 85 Multiple choice questions. Each question has 4 (four) alternatives (A), (B), (C), and (D). In any case only one alternative will be the correct answer. Choose the right alternative and darken the appropriate circle in the answer sheet in front of the related question.
प्रत्येक सही उत्तर के लिए ।अंक दिया जाएगा, **गलत देने पर 0.25 अंक काट लिया जाएगा।**	For each correct answer One mark will be given and **for each incorrect answer 0.25 mark will be deducted.**
गोले को काला करने के लिए केवल काले/नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन का प्रयोग करें। गोले को एक बार काला करने के बाद इसको मिटाना या बदलना नहीं है। किसी प्रश्न का एक से ज्यादा गोले काले करने पर मशीन द्वारा इसके लिए **शून्य अंक** दिया जाएगा।	Use Black/Blue ball point Pen to darken the circle..Answer once darkened is not allowed to be erased or altered. Against any question if more than one circle is darkened, machine will allot **zero mark** for that question.
ओएमआर उत्तर पुस्तिका में सभी जानकारी देते हुए सही गोले को काला करे। दिए गए निर्देशों के अनुसार आप सही गोले को काला करने में असफल रहते है तो आपके उत्तर पुस्तिका की जाँच नहीं की जाएगी।	In OMR answer sheet candidate must fill up all required information and for this candidate must darken the appropriate circle. The OMR Answer sheet will not be evaluated if the candidate fails to fill up the required circles correctly as per the given directions.
उत्तर-पुस्तिका में सूचनाओं को भरने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में दिए गए निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढिए। उत्तर-पुस्तिका को किसी भी तरह से न मोड़े।	Read the instructions printed on Answer sheet carefully before filling the information on the answer Sheet. Do not fold answer sheet in any case.
प्रश्नो का उत्तर देने से पहले यह जाँच कर लें कि उत्तर-पुस्तिका और प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में आपने सारी जानकारी भर दी है।	Before beginning to answer the questions please make sure that all entries on OMR answer-sheet and Test Question booklet have been duly completed.
परीक्षार्थी अपनी उत्तर पुस्तिका पत्र निरीक्षक को सौंपे बिना परीक्षा हाल नहीं छोड़ सकता हैं और उपस्थिती पत्रिका पर हस्ताक्षर करना अनिवार्य हैं। ऐसा नही करने पर अयोग्य घोषित कर दिया जाएगा।	**Candidate should not leave the examination hall/room without handing over his Answer sheet to the invigilator and without signing on the attendance sheet. Failing in doing so, will amount to disqualification.**
प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को खोलने के निर्देश मिलने के पश्चात एवं उत्तर देने से पहले उम्मीदवार यह जाँच कर ले कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पूर्ण है।	After receiving the instruction to open the booklet and before answering the questions, the candidate should ensure that the Question booklet is complete.

नोट : परीक्षा पुस्तिका के हिन्दी संस्करण में यदि कोई विसंगति पाई जाती है, तो अँग्रेजी संस्करण मान्य होगा ।
Note : In case of discrepancy in Hindi language, English version will be treated as final

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जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए तब तक प्रश्न-पुस्तिका न खोलें।
DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

Directions: Choose the most appropriate option.

इस तालिका को पढ़ें और तालिका के आधार पर प्रश्न के उत्तर दें :

वर्ष	सरकारी नहरें	निजी नहरें	तालाब	ट्यूब वेल और अन्य कुएं	अन्य स्रोत	कुल
1997-98	17117	211	2593	32090	3102	55173
1998-99	17093	212	2792	33988	3326	57411
1999-00	16842	194	2535	34623	2915	57109
2000-01	15748	203	2449	33796	2880	55076
2001-02	15031	209	2179	34906	4347	56672
2002-03	13863	206	1802	34250	3657	53778
2003-04	14444	206	1908	35779	4281	56618
2004-05	14696	206	1727	34785	7453	58867
2005-06	15268	207	2034	35372	7314	60196

1. इसमे से सिंचाई के किस स्रोत में 1997–98 और 2005–06 के दौरान सिंचाई के अधीन निवल क्षेत्रफल में सबसे अधिक प्रतिशत कमी दर्ज की गई?
   A) सरकारी नहरें
   B) निजी नहरें
   C) तालाब
   D) अन्य स्रोत

2. 2002–03 और 2003–04 के दौरान निवल सिंचित क्षेत्रफल के प्रतिशत के संदर्भ में अधिकतम सुधार दर्ज करने वाले सिंचाई के स्रोत का पता लगाए।
   A) सरकारी नहरें
   B) तालाब
   C) ट्यूब वेल और अन्य कुए
   D) अन्य स्रोत

3. निम्नलिखित में से किस वर्ष में तालाबो से निवल सिंचाई की उच्चतम दर दर्ज की गई?
   (A) 1998-99
   (B) 2000-01
   (C) 2003-04
   (D) 2005-06

Answer question based on table:

Year	Government Canals	Private Canals	Tanks	Tube wells and other wells	Other sources	Total
1997-98	17117	211	2593	32090	3102	55173
1998-99	17093	212	2792	33988	3326	57411
1999-00	16842	194	2535	34623	2915	57109
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2004-05	14696	206	1727	34785	7453	58867
2005-06	15268	207	2034	35372	7314	60196

1. Which of the following sources of Irrigation has registered the largest percentage of decline in Net area under irrigation during 1997-98 and 2005-06 ?
   (A) Government Canals   (B) Private Canals
   (C) Tanks   (D) Other Sources

2. Find out the source of irrigation that has registered the maximum improvement in terms of percentage of Net irrigated area during 2002-03 and 2003-04.
   (A) Government Canals
   (B) Tanks
   (C) Tube Wells and other wells
   (D) Other Sources

3. In which of the following years, Net irrigation by tanks increased at the highest rate?
   (A) 1998-99   (B) 2000-01
   (C) 2003-04   (D) 2005-06

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

ASST DIR ADMN

4. सिंचाई के उस स्रोत का पता लगाएं जिसमें तालिका में दिए गए वर्षों के दौरान निवल सिंचित क्षेत्रफल के संदर्भ में ऋणात्मक वृद्धि की अधिकतम दर दर्ज की गई है।

A) सरकारी नहरें
B) निजी नहरें
C) ट्यूब वेल और अन्य कुएं
D) अन्य स्रोत

Identify the source of irrigation that has recorded the maximum incidence of negative growth in terms of Net irrigated area during the years given in the table.
(A) Government Canals
(B) Private Canals
(C) Tube Wells and other wells
(D) Other sources

5. निम्नलिखित वर्षों में से किसमें कुल निवल सिंचित क्षेत्रफल पर ट्यूब वेल और अन्य कुओं की हिस्सेदारी उच्चतम थी?
(A) 1998-99   (B) 2000-01
(C) 2002-03   (D) 2004-05

5. In which of the following years, share of the tube wells and other wells in the total net irrigated area was the highest?
(A) 1998-99   (B) 2000-01
(C) 2002-03   (D) 2004-05

6. यदि SEARCH को TFBSDI के रूप में कोड किया जाता है तो PENCIL को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा?
(A) RGPEN   (B) LICNEP
(C) QFODJM   (D) QLMBHK

If SEARCH is coded as TFBSDI. how will PENCIL be coded?
(A) RGPEN   (B) LICNEP
(C) QFODJM   (D) QLMBHK

7. यदि KEDGY को EKDYG के रूप में कोड किया जाता है तो LIGHT को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा?
(A) ILHTG   (B) ILGHT
(C) ILGTH   (D) THGIL

If KEDGY is coded as EKDYG then how will LIGHT be coded ?
(A) ILHTG   (B) ILGHT
(C) ILGTH   (D) THGIL

8. यदि RAVE को SXWB के रूप में कोड किया जाता है तो SCAW को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा?
(A) TDBO   (B) TZBK
(C) PZXK   (D) TVXK

If RAVE is coded as SXWB then how will SCAW be coded ?
(A) TDBO   (B) TZBK
(C) PZXK   (D) TVXK

9. यदि STRAY को TUSBZ के रूप में कोड किया जाता है तो MOURN को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा?
(A) LPVSO   (B) NPVSO
(C) NVPSO   (D) NPSVO

If STRAY is coded as TUSBZ then how will MOURN be coded?
(A) LPVSO   (B) NPVSO
(C) NVPSO   (D) NPSVO

10. यदि MAGIC को PXJFF के रूप में कोड किया जाता है तो LEASH को किस प्रकार कोड किया जाएगा?
(A) PBDVD   (B) OBDVL
(C) OHEOK   (D) OBDPK

If MAGIC is coded as PXJFF then how will LEASH be coded?
(A) PBDVD   (B) OBDVL
(C) OHEOK   (D) OBDPK

11. कथन : सभी नृत्यांगनाएं हीरोइन होती हैं। कोई हीरोइन खलनायिका नहीं होती।
निष्कर्ष :
I. कुछ हीरोइनें नृत्यांगनाएं होती हैं।
II. कोई खलनायिका हीरोइन नहीं होती।
III. सभी नृत्यांगनाएं खलनायिका होती हैं।
IV. कुछ खलनायिकाएं नृत्यांगनाएं होती हैं।

सबसे उचित उत्तर चुनें
(A) केवल III और IV   (B) सभी
(C) केवल I और III   (D) केवल I और II

Statements:All dancers are heroines.
No heroine is villain-actress.
Conclusions :
I. Some heroines are dancers.
II. No villain actress is heroine.
III. All dancers are villain actress.
IV. Some villain actresses are dancers.
Choose the most appropriate answer
(A) Only III and IV   (B) All
(C) Only I and III   (D) Only I and II

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

12. **कथन** : सभी पेन पुस्तकें होते हैं।
कुछ पेंसिल पुस्तकें नहीं होती।
निष्कर्ष :
I. कुछ पेंसिलें पुस्तकें नहीं होती हैं।
II. कुछ पुस्तकें पेंसिल नहीं होती।
III. कुछ पुस्तकें पेन होती हैं।
IV. कुछ पेंसिल पेन होती हैं।

सबसे उचित उत्तर चुनें
(A) केवल I और III
(B) सभी
(C) केवल II और III
(D) केवल I, II और III

Statements: All pen are books.
Some pencils are not books.
Conclusions:
I. Some pencils are not books.
II. Some books are not pencils.
III. Some books are pen.
IV. All pencils are pen.
Choose the most appropriate answer
(A) Only I and III
(B) All
(C) Only II and III
(D) Only I, II and III

13. **कथन** : सभी राजा चालाक होते हैं।
कुछ मूर्ख (व्यक्ति) राजा होते हैं।
निष्कर्ष :
I. सभी मूर्ख (व्यक्ति) चालाक होते हैं।
II. कुछ मूर्ख (व्यक्ति) चालाक होते हैं।
III. कुछ चालाक (व्यक्ति) मूर्ख होते हैं।
IV. कुछ राजा मूर्ख होते हैं।

सबसे उचित उत्तर चुनें
(A) केवल I और III
(B) केवल II, III और IV
(C) सभी
(D) केवल III और IV

Statements: All kings are clever.
Some foolish (persons) are kings.
Conclusions:
I. All foolish (persons) are clever.
II. Some foolish (persons) are clever.
III. Some clever (persons) are foolish.
IV. Some kings are foolish.
Choose the most appropriate answer
(A) Only I and III
(B) Only II, III and IV
(C) All
(D) Only III and IV

14. **कथन** : सभी बॉक्स बैंच होते हैं।
सभी बॉक्स कुर्सियां होते हैं।
निष्कर्ष :
I. सभी बैंचे कुर्सियां होती हैं।
II. सभी बैंचे बॉक्स होते हैं।
III. कुछ बैंच कुर्सियां होती हैं।
IV. कुछ कुर्सियां बॉक्स होती हैं।

सबसे उचित उत्तर चुनें
(A) सभी
(B) केवल I और III
(C) केवल II और IV
(D) केवल III और IV

Statements: All boxes are benches.
All boxes are chairs.
Conclusions:
I. All benches are chairs.
II. All benches are boxes.
III. Some benches are chairs.
IV. Some chairs are boxes.
Choose the most appropriate answer
(A) All
(B) Only I and III
(C) Only II and IV
(D) Only III and IV

15. **कथन** : सभी मजदूर पहलवान होते हैं।
सभी दुकानदार मजदूर होते हैं।
निष्कर्ष :
I. सभी दुकानदार पहलवान होते हैं।
II. कुछ पहलवान दुकानदार होते हैं।
III. कुछ पहलवान मजदूर होते हैं।
IV. कुछ मजदूर दुकानदार होते हैं।

सबसे उचित उत्तर चुनें
(A) सभी
(B) केवल I और IV
(C) केवल IV
(D) केवल II और III

Statements: All labourers are wrestlers.
All grocers are labourers.
Conclusions:
I. All grocers are wrestlers.
II. Some wrestlers are grocers.
III. Some wrestlers are labourers.
IV. Some labourers are grocers.
Choose the most appropriate answer
(A) All
(B) Only I and IV
(C) Only IV
(D) Only II and III

निर्देश (16–17) : किरन उत्तर दिशा में 20 मी. चलता है, दाए मुड़ती है और 30 मी. चलता है और फिर दाई ओर मुड़कर 35 मी. चलता है, इसके बाद वह बाई ओर मुड़कर 15 मी. चलता है, फिर बाई ओर मुड़कर 15 मी. चलता है। वह फिर से बाई ओर मुड़कर 15 मी. चलता है।

16. किरन अपने शुरूआती बिंदु से कितनी दूरी पर है?
(A) 25 मी.
(B) 15 मी.
(C) 45 मी.
(D) 30 मी.

17. किरन का मुंह अब किस दिशा की ओर है?
(A) पूर्व
(B) पश्चिम
(C) उत्तर
(D) दक्षिण

Directions (16-17): Kiran walks 20 m north, he turns right and walks 30 m, then he turns right and walks 35 m, then he turns left and walks 15 m, then he turns left and walks 15 m. he again turns left and walks 15 m.

16. How far Kiran is from his starting point ?
(A) 25 m
(B) 15 m
(C) 45 m
(D) 30 m

17. Which direction is Kiran facing now ?
(A) East
(B) West
(C) North
(D) South

18. अनुपस्थित संख्या पता लगाएं

12	6	8
3	2	?
9	10	5
13	13	13

(A) 01
(B) 0
(C) 10
(D) 11

Find the missing number

12	6	8
3	2	?
9	10	5
13	13	13

(A) 01
(B) 0
(C) 10
(D) 11

19. छात्रों की औसत आयु 15 साल है। यदि शिक्षक की आयु भी जोड़ दी जाती है तो औसत आयु 1 साल बढ़ जाती है। शिक्षक की उम्र है।
(A) 56 साल
(B) 46 साल
(C) 35 साल
(D) 45 साल

The average age of 30 students is 15 years. If the teacher's age is also included then the average age increases by 1 year. The age of the teacher is
(A) 56 years
(B) 46 years
(C) 35 years
(D) 45 years

20. इस प्रश्न में आपको निम्नलिखित संकेतों के अनुसार बताए गए सिद्धांत के अनुसार सही उत्तर पहचानना है।
If + means ÷, – means ×, means ÷ and × means –, then 63 × 24 + 8 ÷ 4 + 2 – 3 = ?
(A) 54
(B) 66
(C) 186
(D) 48

In the following question you have to identify the correct response from the given premises stated according to following symbols.
If + means ÷, – means ×, means ÷ and × means –, then 63 × 24 + 8 ÷ 4 + 2 – 3 = ?
(A) 54
(B) 66
(C) 186
(D) 48

21. स्टॉप को हटा कर एक बस की गति 54 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा है और स्टॉप मिलाकर यह 45 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा है। बस प्रति घंटा कितने मिनट स्टॉप पर रुकती है
(A) 6 मिनट
(B) मिनट
(C) 10 मिनट
(D) 17 मिनट

Excluding stoppages, the speed of a bus is 54 kmph and including stoppages, it is 45 kmph. For how many minutes does the bus stop per hour?
(A) 6 min
(B) 5 min
(C) 10 min
(D) 17 min

22. एक रेल यदि औसतन 48 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा की गति पर चलती है तो 50 मिनट एक दूरी तय करती है। रेल किस गति पर चले कि यात्रा का समय घटकर 40 मिनट हो जाए ?
(A) 60 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा
(B) 35 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा
(C) 30 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा
(D) 32 कि. मी. प्रति घंटा

A train covers a distance in 50 min, if it runs at a speed of 48kmph on an average. The speed at which the train must run to reduce the time of journey to 40min will be.
(A) 60 km/h
(B) 35 km/h
(C) 30 km/h
(D) 32 km/h

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

23. रेल एम शहर ए से सुबह 5 बजे चलती है और शहर बी सुबह पहुचती है। एक दूसरी रेल एन शहर बी से सुबह 7 बजे चलती है और शहर ए सुबह 10.30 बजे पहुच जाती है। ये दोनों रेलें आपस मे एक दूसरे किस समय मिलेगी ?

(A)   2 घंटे 23 मिनट   (B)   2 घंटे 15 मिनट
(C)   2 घंटे 8 मिनट   (D)   56 मिनट

A train M leaves City A at 5 am and reaches City B at 9am . Another train N leaves City B at 7am and reaches City A at 1030am. At what time do the 2 trains cross one another?
(A)   2 hr 23 min (B)   2 hr 15 min
(C)   2 hr 8 min   (D)   56 min

24. एक व्यक्ति को एक स्थान तक पैदल जाने और वाहन से वापस आने में 5 घंटे 45 मिनट लगते हैं। वह दोनों तरफ वाहन से जा कर 2 घंटे बचा सकता है। उसे दोनों ओर पैदल जाने में कितना समय लगेगा ?

A.   7 घंटे 45 मिनट
B.   5 घंटे 15 मिनट
C.   9 घंटे 45 मिनट
D.   9 घंटे 15 मिनट

A man takes 5hr 45min in walking to certain place and riding back. He would have gained 2hrs by riding both ways. The time he would take to walk both ways is?
A.   7 hr 45 min
B.   5 hr 15 min
C.   9 hr 45 min
D.   9 hr 15 min

25. यदि 34 पुरुष एक दिन में 9 घंटे कार्य करते हुए 8 दिनों में कार्य का 2/5वा हिस्सा पूरा करते हैं। शेष कार्य को एक दिन में 9 घंटे कार्य करते हुए 6 दिनो में कितने पुरुष पूरा करने के लिए तैनात किए जाने चाहिए ?

A.   189
B.   198
C.   102
D.   142

If 34 men completed 2/5th of a work in 8 days working 9 hours a day. How many more man should be engaged to finish the rest of the work in 6 days working 9 hours a day?
A.   189
B.   198
C.   102
D.   142

26.   ए एस सी आई आई का पूर्ण अर्थ _____ है.

A)   अमेरिकन स्टेबल कोड फॉर इंटरनेशनल इंटरचेंज
B)   अमेरिकन स्टेण्डर्ड केस फॉर इन्स्टिटट्यूशनल इंटरचेंज
C)   अमेरिकन स्टेण्डर्ड कोड फॉर इंफॉर्मेशन इंटरचेंज
D)   अमेरिकन स्टेण्डर्ड कोड फॉर इंटरचेंज इंफॉर्मेशन

ASCII stands for _____.
A)   American Stable Code for International Interchange
B)   American Standard Case for Institutional Interchange
C)   American Standard Code for Information Interchange
D)   American Standard Code for Interchange Information

27.   एक अंतर्निहित टूल जो स्वचालित रुप से गणना करता है:

A)   वैल्यू   B) फॉर्मूला
C)   फंक्शन   D) डायनेमिक फाइल लिंक

A built-in tool that performs calculations automatically is a(an)
A)   value   B)   formula
C)   function   D)   dynamic file link

28. _____ के दबाने पर सेल आपकी टाइपिंग को स्वीकार कर लेता है लेकिन ध्यान सेल पर ही स्थिर रहता है.

A) एंटर   B)   CTRL + एंटर
C) टैब   D)   इंसर्ट

If you press _____, the cell accepts your typing as its contents but the focus stays in the cell.
A)   ENTER   B)   CTRL + ENTER
C)   TAB   D)   INSERT

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

29. दो कंप्यूटर तब इंटरकनैक्टिड होते हैं जब वे _____ करने में सक्षम हैं.

A) सूचना का आदान-प्रदान

B) प्रिंटिंग

C) कम्प्यूटिंग

D) रिमोटिंग (दूरस्थ)

Two computers are interconnected if they are capable of _____.
A) Exchanging information
B) Printing
C) Computing
D) Remoting.

30. अपनी प्रज़ेनचेशन में सभी स्लाइडों पर बदलाव लाने के लिए _____ पर क्लिक करें.

A) अप्लाई   B) अप्लाई फर्म ब.

C) अप्लाई ऑल   D) अप्लाई टू ऑल

Click _____ to apply your changes to all slides in your presentation.
A)   Apply   B) Apply from beginning
C)   Apply All   D) Apply to All

31. INTRACTABLE is most dissimilar to
(A)   alert
(B)   supple
(C)   inert
(D)   arbitrary

32.   ELEGIAC is most similar to
(A)   mournful
(B)   scornful
(C)   hurtful
(D)   bitter

33.   INOSCULATE is most dissimilar to
(A)   separate
(B)   disturb
(C)   archive
(D)   alleviate

34.   ENFETTER is most similar to
(A)   fastidious
(B)   restrain
(C)   restitute
(D)   rusticate

35.   Jack's very name is _____ to our family.
(A)   mnemosyne
(B)   anathema
(C)   acquiesce
(D)   alacrity

36.   Each minute of that two-hour lecture was spent _____ the issue.
(A)   Belabouring
(B)   Beleaguering
(C)   Regaling
(D)   Smirking

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

Read the following passage carefully and choose the best answer from the choices given.

(1)   Almost from the beginning of his administration, Lincoln was pressured by abolitionists and radical Republicans to issue an Emancipation Proclamation. In principle, Lincoln approved, but he postponed action against slavery until he believed he had wider support from the American public. The passage of the Second Confiscation Act by Congress on July 17, 1862, which freed the slaves of everyone in rebellion against the government, provided the desired signal. Not only had Congress relieved the Administration of considerable strain with its limited initiative on emancipation, it demonstrated an increasing public abhorrence toward slavery. Lincoln had already drafted what he termed his "Preliminary Proclamation." He read his initial draft of the Emancipation Proclamation to Secretaries William H. Seward and Gideon Welles on July 13, 1862. For a moment, both secretaries were speechless. Quickly collecting his thoughts, Seward said something about anarchy in the South and possible foreign intervention, but with Welles apparently too confused to respond, Lincoln let the matter drop.

(2)   Nine days later, on July 22, Lincoln raised the issue in a regularly scheduled Cabinet meeting. The reaction was mixed. Secretary of War Edwin M. Stanton, correctly interpreting the Proclamation as a military measure designed both to deprive the Confederacy of slave labor and bring additional men into the Union Army, advocated its immediate release. Treasury Secretary Salmon P. Chase was equally supportive, but Montgomery Blair, the Postmaster General, foresaw defeat in the fall elections. Attorney General Edward Bates, a conservative, opposed civil and political equality for blacks but gave his qualified support. Fortunately, President Lincoln only wanted the advice of his Cabinet on the style of the Proclamation, not its substance. The course was set. The Cabinet meeting of September 22, 1862, resulted in the political and literary refinement of the July draft, and on January 1, 1863, Lincoln composed the final Emancipation Proclamation. It was the crowning achievement of his administration.

37. The passage suggests which of the following about Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation?
(A) Abolitionists did not support such an executive order.
(B) The draft proclamation was unanimously well-received by Lincoln's cabinet.
(C) Congressional actions influenced Lincoln and encouraged him to issue it.
d. The proclamation was not part of a military strategy.
(D) The first draft needed to be edited because Lincoln made numerous grammatical errors.

38. The description of the reaction of Secretaries Seward and Welles to Lincoln's draft proclamation in the paragraph 1 is used to illustrate
(A) Lincoln's lack of political acumen.
(B) that Lincoln's advisors did not anticipate his plan.
(C) the incompetence of Lincoln's advisors.
(D) Seward and Welles' disappointment that Lincoln did not free all slaves at that time.

39. In the second paragraph, qualified most nearly means
(A) adept.
(B) capable.
(C) certified.
(D) limited.

40. The author's attitude to the issuing of the Emancipation Proclamation is one of
(A) informed appreciation.
(B) reluctant admiration.
(C) ambiguous acceptance.
(D) conflicted disapproval.

41.   Under the ADR, the process by which a third party persuades disputants to reach to an amicable settlement of dispute / claim is called:
(A)   Arbitration   (B) Mediation
(C)   Negotiation   (D) Conciliation

42.   The Gratuity Act, is applicable to every factory, mine, oil field, plantation or every shop or establishment etc. where no. of person employed are
(A)   10 or more   (B) 20 or more
(C)   30 or more   (D) Minimum 5

43. The crucial date for determining age eligibility for appointment on compassionate grounds?
(A) Death of government employee
(B) Eligibility age fixed for that service
(C) Date of application
(D) Date when dependent assume age of 18 years

44. Which of the following is not considered dependent family members for appointment on compassionate grounds?
(A) Spouse
(B) Son and daughter
(C) Brother and sister of unmarried government servant
(D) Father and mother of unmarried government servant

45. Which one of the following dependent may be considered for appointment on compassionate grounds?
(A) A married brother
(B) An employee working on daily wage
(C) An employee working as apprentice
(D) Confirmed work charged staff

46. The age limit for claiming Children Education Allowance for children other than disabled children is
(A) 18 years or till the time of passing of XII class whichever is earlier
(B) 17 years or till the time of passing of XII class whichever is earlier
(C) 20 years or till the time of passing of XII class whichever is earlier
(D) None of the above

47. Under CCS (Conduct) rules, it is permissible for the government employee to do
(A) observe proper decorum during lunch break
(B) to make joint representation only in matter of common interest
(C) to give expression to views on Indian affair while visiting foreign affair
(D) all of the above

48. Under the CCS (Conduct)Rules which of the following is not permissible for the government employee:
(A) To join or support any illegal strike
(B) To act in accordance with government policies
(C) To keep away from demonstration organized by political parties
(D) All is permissible

49. To undertake medical practice during spare time on purely charitable basis, the sanction of appropriate authority is required, if registered as medical practitioner under:
(A) Rule 15, GID (4)
(B) Rule 15, GIDs (9) & (13)
(C) Rule 15, GID (16)
(D) Not required

50. For which of the following activities the permission or sanction of appropriate authority is not required:
(A) To participate in sports activities as an amateur.
(B) To stay with foreign diplomats.
(C) To hold elective office in co-operative societies
(D) All of the above

51. Under Rule 17-A, GID (2), strike includes only
(A) General Strike
(B) Go-slow
(C) Mass absention from work without permission
(D) All of the above

52. Which of the following is considered objectionable for the government servants:
(A) To be a member of any political party in democracy
(B) Attending meeting organized by political parties in the nature of public meeting
(C) Occasional attendance in political meetings
(D) All of the above

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

ASST DIR ADMN

53. Under the CCS (Joining Time) Rule, Head of Department may give extension of joining time for maximum of
(A) 8 days
(B) 15 days
(C) 30 days
(D) No such power with HoD

54. Which of the following is correct regarding joining time
(A) Joining time is regarded as duty
(B) Permanent travelling allowance admissible during joining time
(C) Conveyance allowance admissible during joining time
(D) All are correct

55. Direct Recruitment on All India basis otherwise than by open competition is based on
(A) 100 point roster   (B) 120 point roster
(C) 200 point roster   (D) 180 point roster

56. Which of the following is correct regarding OBCs reservation
(A) 27% in civil posts / services are reserved for them
(B) they are eligible for reservation in subsequent promotion
(C) age limit relaxation for 5years is available for direct recruitment
(D) all of the above

57. Reservation for person with disabilities is admissible only for those who suffer from relevant disability not less than
(A) 30%   (B) 40%
(C) 50%   (D) 45%

58. Pension payable on retirement after being declared by the competent medical authority to be permanently incapacitated for further service is known as:
(A) Retiring pension
(B) Invalid pension
(C) Compensation pension
(D) Compassionate pension

59. Additional quantum of pension shall be payable as and when pensioner attains the age between 85 years to 90 years at the rate of
(A) 20% of basic pension
(B) 30% of basic pension
(C) 40% of basic pension
(D) 50% of basic pension

60. The government servant may be placed under suspension if
(A) Any disciplinary proceeding against him is contemplated
(B) Any disciplinary proceeding is pending
(C) Where case against him for any criminal offence is under investigation / inquiry or trial
(D) All of the above

61. which of the following is considered major penalties under CCS (CCA) Rules:
(A) removal from service – not to be disqualification for future employments
(B) withholding of his promotion
(C) withholding of increments of pay
(D) all of the above

62. For physically / mentally handicapped children, Children Education Allowance is payable
(A) benefits is admissible upto 22 years without any minimum age
(B) benefits is admissible upto 20 years age
(C) benefits is admissible upto Rs. 30,000/- only
(D) (A) & (C) only are correct

63. Journey fair for children studying at outstation is admissible
(A) Once in a calendar year during vacation
(B) Twice in a calendar year during vacation
(C) Claims to be preferred within 6 months
(D) (B) and (C) only

64. A non-government employee covered by the payment of Gratuity Act, the gratuity payment is subject to conditions under which of the followings of the Income Tax Act?
(A) Section 10(10)(i)
(B) Section 10(10)(ii)
(C) Section 10(10)(iii)
(D) (B) or (C) only

65. If qualifying service is one year or more but less than 5 years, the death gratuity payable to dependant of the deceased employee is
(A) 2 times of basic pay
(B) 6 times of basic pay
(C) 12 times of basic pay
(D) Not payable

66. Under the New Pension Scheme, it is mandatory for the government employee to contribute _____ of salary every month towards NPS.
(A) 8%
(B) 10%
(C) 12%
(D) 8.5%

67. UPSC need not to be associated in respect of the post belonging to Group 'A' if the promotion is based on
(A) Selection cum seniority
(B) Seniority-cum-fitness
(C) To all Central Civil Services / Post
(D) All of the above

68. Except as provided by this rule, no person may be appointed in India to a post in government service without a medical certificate of health under
(A) FR-10
(B) FR-14
(C) FR-16
(D) FR-17

69. Regulation of DA during suspension is based on
(A) Basic pay
(B) Basic pay plus NPA
(C) Subsistence Allowance
(D) Not payable

70. Which of the following is correct regarding appointment of retired officer as Inquiry Officer
(A) he should not be more than 65 years of age
(B) he may be entrusted with inquiries on 'case to case basis'
(C) he may conduct inquiry proceedings only in office premises
(D) all of the above

71. The order relating to appointment of Inquiry Authority under CCS (CCA) Rule 1965 to be issued under:
(A) Rule 14(1)
(B) Rule 14(2)
(C) Rule 14(2) read with Rule 14(22)
(D) None of the above

72. The government servant is placed under deemed suspension if he is detained in custody for period exceeding 48 hours under CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965 under
(A) Rule 10(1)
(B) Rule 10(2)
(C) Rule 10(3)
(D) Rule 10(4)

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

73. Which of the following is major penalty against government servant?
(A) withholding of promotion
(B) withholding of future increments of pay
(C) compulsory retirement
(D) all of the above

74. When the disciplinary authorities decides that inquiry should be held, even though, proceedings have been initiated for imposition of minor penalties only. It can be done under which rule of CCS (CCA) Rules
(A) Rule 12
(B) Rule 14(2) & 16(1-A)
(C) Rule 12(2) & 14(1)
(D) (A) & (B) only

75. In respect of Type I to Type IV types of accommodation, government quarters may be allotted on the basis of
(A) Basic pay
(B) Grade pay
(C) Date of joining
(D) Seniority

76. In general pool accommodation vacancies is reserved for adhoc allotment on medical grounds and for physically handicapped employee is
(A) 3%
(B) 5%
(C) 8%
(D) 2% & 1% respectively

77. Earned leave should not ordinarily be denied during the last 10 years of service is prescribed by
(A) Rule 7(1)
(B) Rule 7(2), GID(1)
(C) Rule 7, GID(2)
(D) Rule 10(1) & proviso

78. Mark the incorrect response for child care leave:
(A) it can be claimed for maximum period of 730 days
(B) intervening holiday will not count in child care leave
(C) it cannot be granted for less than 15 days
(D) all are correct

79. Leave with wages is allowed to an employee if they work for minimum of the following days in month
(A) 15 days
(B) 20 days
(C) 25 days
(D) Entire month

80. Welfare Officer to be appointed in organization if it engage more than the following no. of employees:
(A) 150
(B) 250
(C) 300
(D) 500

81. An adult worker can work upto which of the following hours in a day as per the Factories Act, 1948?
(A) 8 hours
(B) 9 hours
(C) 10 hours
(D) 12 hours

82. The term Sabbatical Leave is related to
(A) Child Care Leave
(B) Extra Ordinary Leave
(C) Maternity Leave
(D) Study Leave

ROUGH WORK SPACE:

83. Deduction in respect of payment of interest on loan taken for higher education, can be claimed under which provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

(A) Section 80C
(B) Section 80D
(C) Section 80E
(D) Section 80CCD

84. An individual can claim deduction in respect of rent paid, when he is not receiving any house rent allowance under which provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961?

(A) Section 80GG
(B) Section 80E
(C) Section 80C
(D) Section 80C to 80U

85. The amount due to government shall not be left outstanding without sufficient reason as being provided by

(A) GFR-11
(B) GFR-12
(C) GFR-13
(D) GFR-14