Junei Technol Skristan

**Booklet No.:** 

**Test Booklet Series: A** 

## EXAMINATION QUESTION BOOKLET

**Duration: 90 minutes** 

530088

Roll No.: Answer Sheet No							
Name of Candidate							
Signature of candidate							
उम्मीदवारों के लिए निर्देश	Instructions for Candidate						
इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 85 बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न है।प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार विकल्प दिए गए है (A),(B),(C) और (D)। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक सही विकल्प है। सही विकल्प का चुनाव करे और प्रश्न के सामने वाले सही गोले को उत्तर पुस्तिका में काला करें।	This booklet consists of 85 Multiple choice questions. Each question has 4 (four) alternatives (A), (B), (C), and (D). In any case only one alternative will be the correct answer. Choose the right alternative and darken the appropriate circle in the answer sheet in front of the related question.						
प्रत्येक सही उत्तर के लिए 1अंक दिया जाएगा, गलत देने पर 0.25 अंक काट लिया जाएगा।	For each correct answer One mark will be given and for each incorrect answer 0.25 mark will be deducted.						
गोले को काला करने के लिए केवल काले/नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन का प्रयोग करें। गोले को एक बार काला करने के बाद इसको मिटाना या बदलना नहीं है। किसी प्रश्न का एक से ज्यादा गोले काले करने पर मशीन दवारा इसके लिए शून्य अंक दिया जाएगा।	Use Black/Blue ball point Pen to darken the circleAnswer once darkened is not allowed to be erased or altered. Against any question if more than one circle is darkened, machine will allot <b>zero mark</b> for that question.						
ओएमआर उत्तर पुस्तिका में सभी जानकारी देते हुए सही गोले को काला करे। दिए गए निर्देशों के अनुसार आप सही गोले को काला करने में असफल रहते है तो आपके उत्तर पुस्तिका की जाँच नहीं की जाएगी।	In OMR answer sheet candidate must fill up all required information and for this candidate must darken the appropriate circles. The OMR Answer sheet will not be evaluated if the candidate fails to fill up the required circles correctly as per the given directions.						
उत्तर-पुस्तिका में सूचनाओं को भरने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में दिए गए निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढिए। उत्तर-पुस्तिका को किसी भी तरह से न मोड़े।	Read the instructions printed on Answer sheet carefully before filling the information on the answer Sheet. Do not fold answer sheet in any case.						
प्रश्नो का उत्तर देने से पहले यह जाँच कर लें कि उत्तर-पुस्तिका और प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में आपने सारी जानकारी भर दी है।	Before beginning to answer the questions please make sure that all entries on OMR answer-sheet and Test Question booklet have been duly completed.						
परीक्षार्थी अपनी उत्तर पुस्तिका पत्र निरीक्षक को सौंपे बिना परीक्षा हाल नहीं छोड़ सकता हैं और उपस्थिती पत्रिका पर हस्ताक्षर करना अनिवार्य हैं। ऐसा नहीं करने पर अयोग्य घोषित कर दिया जाएगा।	Candidate should not leave the examination hall/room without handing over his Answer sheet to the invigilator and without signing on the attendance sheet. Failing in doing so, will amount to disqualification.						
प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को खोलने के निर्देश मिलने के पश्चात एवं उत्तर देने से पहले उम्मीदवार यह जाँच कर ले कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पूर्ण है।	After receiving the instruction to open the booklet and before answering the questions, the candidate should ensure that the Question booklet is complete.						
नोट : परीक्षा पुस्तिका के हिन्दी संस्करण में यदि कोई विसंगति पाई जाती है, तो अँग्रेजी संस्करण मान्य होगा । Note : In case of discrepancy in Hindi language, English version will be treated as final.							

जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए तब तक प्रश्न-पुस्तिका न खोलें। DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

## Directions for Q.1 to Q.72: Choose the most appropriate option.

- 1. The addition of p-type impurity to intrinsic material creates allowable energy levels
  - (A) slightly above conduction band
  - (B) slightly below conduction band
  - (C) slightly above valence band
  - (D) slightly below valence band
- 2. Measurement of Hall coefficient enables the determination of
  - (A) temperature coefficient
  - (B) recovery time of stored carrier
  - (C) Fermi level
  - (D) type of conductivity and concentration of charge carriers
- 3. The diffusion current is proportional to
  - (A) applied electric field
  - (B) concentration gradient of charge carriers
  - (C) square of electric field
  - (D) cube of applied electric field
- 4. For generating 1 MHµ frequency signal, the most suitable circuit is
  - (A) phase shift oscillator
  - (B) weinbridge oscillator
  - (C) colpilt's oscillator
  - (D) audio oscillator
- In a two stage CE amplifier circuit, the ac collector resistance of the first stage depends on
  - (A) the input impedance of first stage
  - (B) the input impedance of second stage
  - (C) load resistance only
  - (D) none of the above

- 6. Class Camplifier is suitable for
  - (A) a narrow frequency band
  - (B) audio frequency
  - (C) a wide frequency band
  - (D) all the signals
- 7. For input voltage of Vm sin net, peak inverse voltage rating needed for diode in a half wave rectifier using capacitor filter is
  - (A) V ...

- 8. For a BJT,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are related as

  - (A)  $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$  (B)  $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha}$
  - (C)  $\beta = \frac{1}{1+\alpha}$  (D)  $\alpha = \frac{\beta}{1-\beta}$
- 9. Which of the following has lowest propagation delay?
  - (A) ECL
- (B) TTL
- (C) PMOS
- (D) CMOS
- The number of address lines in a memory chip 10. of size 8192 x 8 is
  - (A) 8
- (B) 12
- (C) 13
- (D) 16
- 11. The minimum number of two input NAND gates required to implement the Boolean function  $\mu = ABC$  is
  - (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 5
- (D) 6

- Which of the following input combination is 12. not desirable for SR flip flop?
  - (A) S = 0, R = 0
- (B) S = 0, R = 1
- (C) S = 1, R = 0
- (D) S = 1, R = 1
- 13. Power spectral density of white noise
  - (A) is constant with frequency
  - (B) increases with frequency
  - (C) decreases with frequency
  - (D) varies exponentially with frequency
- 14. The VHF frequency range is
  - (A) 30 to 300 KHµ
  - (B) 3 to 30 MHµ
  - (C) 30 to 300 MHµ
  - (D) 300 to 3000 MHµ
- Vestigial sideband is most commonly used in 15.
  - (A) radio transmission
  - (B) telephony
  - (C) television transmission
  - (D) all of the above
- In a uniform plane wave E and H are related

  - (A)  $\frac{E}{H} = 1$  (B)  $\frac{E}{H} = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon}{\mu}}$

  - (C)  $\frac{E}{H} = \pi$  (D)  $\frac{E}{H} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{E}}$
- A current signal is given by  $i(t) = 20e^{-50t}$ . The initial and final value of current are
  - (A) 0 and 20
- (B) 20 and 0
- (C) 0 and 10
- (D) 20 and 10

- The buffer amplifier should have 18.
  - (A) low output impedance and low input impedance
  - (B) low output impedance and high input impedance
  - (C) high output impedance and low input impedance
  - (D) high output impedance and high input impedance
- 19. Mesh analysis is applicable to only
  - (A) non-planar network
  - (B) planar network
  - (C) circuits containing voltage sources
  - (D) circuits containing current sources
- 20. When a reverse bias is applied to a P-n junction the width of the depletion layer:
  - (A) Remains the same
  - (B) Is increased
  - (C) Is decreased
  - (D) May increase or decrease
- 21. Common emitter configuration is preferred when main criterion is
  - (A) Voltage gain
  - (B) Current gain
  - (C) Both voltage gain and current gain
  - (D) Input impedance
- 22. The potential divides method of biasing is employed in amplifiers in order to
  - (A) Reduce the cost of the circuit
  - (B) Reduce the dc base current
  - (C) Limit the input ac signal going to the base
  - (D) Make the operating point almost independent of B

23.	is		An inductor	
			(A) Allows a.c. to pass but blocks d.c.	
	(A) 25% (B) 50%		(B) Allows d.c. to pass but blocks a.c.	
	(C) 78.5% (D) 88%		(C) Allows both a.c. and d.c. to pass	
			(D) Blocks d.c. as well as a.c.	
24.	In frequency modulation	2 157		
	(A) The frequency of the carrier remains constant		Two resistors $R_1 = 60K^{\Omega}$ and $R_2=12K^{\Omega}$ are connected in parallel. Their effective resistance	
	(B) The amplitude of the carrier remains constant		is CD CO OVO	
			(A) $5 K^{\Omega}$ (B) $60 {}^{\Omega}K^{\Omega}$	
	(C) The amplitude of the carrier wave is varied		(C) $12K^{\Omega}$ (D) $10 K^{\Omega}$	
	(D) The frequency of the carrier is made equal to the signal frequency			
	to the signal frequency		An electric machine will have high efficiency when	
25.	Two's complement of a binary number 1010			
23.	is		<ul><li>(A) Input / output ratio is low</li><li>(B) Reactive power is more</li></ul>	
	(A) 0101 (B) 0101		(C) KWh consumption is low	
	(C) 0110 (D) 1001		(D) Losses are low	
			(D) Losses are low	
26.	The number of flip-flops required in a decade		The demand factor for the electrical system is	
	counter is	32.	the ratio of	
	(A) 2 (B) 3		(A) Max demand to connected load	
	(C) 4 (D) 10		(B) Max demand to average load	
			(C) Average power to max power	
27.	An 8-bit digital to analog converter has a		(D) Reactive power to total power	
	maximum output voltage of 2v. If input voltage	to the		
	is 1.5v, the digital output at the end of conversion will be		Which of the following theorems is a	
	(A) 0001 1111 (B) 0110 0001		manifestation of the law of conservation of	
	(C) 1111 1000 (D) 1100 0000	Mil.	energy	
	(6) 1111 1000 (2) 1100 0000		(A) Tellegen's theorem	
28.	Which of the following can be used for accurate and stable time base circuit in a digital		(B) Reciprocity theorem	
20.			(C) Thevenin's theorem	
	frequency meter?		(D) Norton's theorem	
	(A) Quartz (B) Carbon			
	(C) Aluminium (D) Copper	34.	Voltage across capacitor in RLC series circuit is maximum	

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(A) At resonance

(B) Just before resonance(C) Just after resonance(D) Much after resonance

35.	Which of the followin method of starting a s (A) Resistant start me		43.	shows	del of an application mainly	
	(B) Inductance start n			among them		
	(C) Capacitance start			(B) processing re	equirements and the flow of	
	(D) Split phase method			data		
					control information	
37.	Intel 8086 is a			(D) communicati	on network structure	
	(A) 8 bit	(B) 16 bit				
	(C) 32 bit μP	(D) 64 bit	44.	In airline reservation sys tem, the entities are date, flight number, place of departure, destination, type of plane and seats available.		
38.	A 1mA ammeter has a resistance of $100\Omega$ . It is to be converted to a 1A ammeter. The value			The primary key is		
	of shunt resistance is	1A ammeter. The value		(A) flight number		
	(A) $0.001\Omega$	(B) 0.1001Ω		(B) flight numbe	r + place of departure	
	(C) $100000\Omega$	(D) $100\Omega$		(C) flight numbe	r + date	
				(D) flight number	r + destination	
39.	When two resistances they have	are connected in parallel,	45.	Determine the number of page faults when references to pages occur in the order – 1, 2, 4, 5, 2, 1, 2, 4. Assume that the main memory can accommodate 3 pages and the main memory already has the pages 1 and 2, with		
	(A) Same resistances	value	1			
	(B) Same voltage acr	oss them				
	(C) Same current pas	sing through them				
	(D) Different resistan	ce value		page 1 having been brought earlier than page 2. (Assume LRU algorithm is used)		
40.		vindings, the number of		(A) 3	(B) 5	
	poles is			(C) 4	(D) none of the above	
	(A) A=2	(B) A=4				
	(C) A=P	(D) A=8	46.	user process itsel		
41.	Power consumed by purely inductive circuit is			(A) block	(B) dispatch	
	(A) VI	(B) VIcosx		(C) wakeup	(D) none of the above	
	(C) VI sinx	(D) Zero				
			47.		l' in formal languages means	
42.	If integer needs two bytes of storage, then maximum value of an unsigned integer is			(A) the symbols used have well-defined meaning		
	(A) $2^{16} - 1$	(B) $2^{15} - 1$		(B) they are unne	ecessary, in reality	

Space For Rough Work

(C) only the form of the string of symbols is

significant (D) none of the above

 $(C) 2^{16}$ 

(D) 215

48. Pick the correct statements

The logic of Pumping lemma is a good example

- (A) the Pigeon-hole principle
- (B) the divide and conquer technique
- (C) recursion
- (D) iteration
- Any string of terminals that can be generated 49. by the following CFG

 $S \rightarrow XY$ 

 $X \rightarrow aX \mid bX \mid a$ 

 $Y \rightarrow Ya \mid Yb \mid a$ 

- (A) has at least one b
- (B) should end in an 'a'
- (C) has no consecutive a's or b's
- (D) has at least two a's
- The first operating system used in microprocessors is
  - (A) Zenix
- (B) DOS
- (C) CP/M
- (D) Multics
- The sequence of events that happen during a 51. typical fetch operation is
  - (A)  $PC \rightarrow Mar \rightarrow Memory \rightarrow MDR \rightarrow IR$
  - (B)  $PC \rightarrow Memory \rightarrow MDR \rightarrow IR$
  - (C)  $PC \rightarrow Memory \rightarrow IR$
  - (D)  $PC \rightarrow MAR \rightarrow Memory \rightarrow IR$
- The addressing mode used in an instruction of the form ADD XY, is
  - (A) absolute
- (B) immediate
- (C) indirect
- (D) index
- 53. The ASCII code 56, represents the character
  - (A) V
- (B) 8
- (C) a
- (D) carriage return

- A high speed communication equipment 54. typically would not be needed to
  - (A) E-mail
  - (B) transferring large volume of data
  - (C) supporting communication between nodes in a LAN
  - (D) all of the above
- measures the number of lost 55. or garbled messages as a fraction of the total sent in the sampling period.
  - (A) Residual Error rate
  - (B) Transfer failure probability
  - (C) Connection release failure probability
  - (D) Connection establishment failure probability
- The middle term in the expansion of 56.

$$\left(\frac{x}{3} + 9y\right)^{10}$$
 is

- (A)  $1890 \text{ x}^5 \text{ y}^5$  (B)  $61236 \text{ x}^5 \text{ y}^5$
- (C) 377810 x<sup>5</sup> y<sup>5</sup>
- (D) 62136 x<sup>5</sup> y<sup>5</sup>
- The second, third and fourth terms in the 57. binomial expansion  $(x+a)^n$  are 240, 720 and 1080 respectively. Then, x, a and n are:
  - (A) x=3, a=3, n=5 (B) x=2, a=3, n=4
  - (C) x = 2, a = 3, n = 5 (D) x = 3, a = 2, n = 5

58. If 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & x \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$
, then the

value of x is

- (A) -2
- (B) 2
- (C) 6
- (D) -6

- 59. Given  $y = \arctan(\tanh x)$ ,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = ?$ 
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{\cosh 2r}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{\sinh 2r}$
  - (C)  $\frac{1}{1+\tanh^2 r}$
- (D) None of the above
- 60. On the parabola  $y = x^2$  find the point N least distant from the straight line y = 2x - 4.
  - (A) N(2,4)
- (B) N(1,1)
- (C) N(1,2)
- (D) N(-1,1)
- For the function  $f(x) = x^2 + x 1$ , there exists a 61. value x = c in the interval [-1,1] where f'(c) = 0, then c is equal to

  - (A)  $(\sqrt{5}-1)/2$  (B)  $(\sqrt{5}+1)/2$
  - (C)  $(-\sqrt{5}-1)/2$  (D)  $(-\sqrt{5}+1)/2$
- Three lines 3x + y 2 = 0, px + 2y 3 = 0and 2x - y - 3 = 0 intersect at a point. Then, the value of p is
  - (A) -7
- (B) 2
- (C) 5
- (D) -11
- 63. The equation of the plane through the point (-1, 3, 2) and perpendicular to each of the planes x + 2y + 3z = 5 and 3x + 3y + z = 0
  - (A) 7x 8y + 3z + 25 = 0
  - (B) 7x + 8y + 3z + 25 = 0
  - (C) 7x 8y + 3z 25 = 0
  - (D)  $7 \times -8 \times -3 \times -25 = 0$

- 64.  $\int \frac{x e^x}{(1+x)^2} dx$  equals to
  - (A)  $\frac{x e^x}{1+x}$  (B)  $\frac{e^x}{1+x}$
  - (C)  $\frac{e^x}{(1+x)^2}$  (D)  $\frac{e^x}{(1+x)^3}$
- 65.  $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{|x^3 + x 2|}{|x^3 x^2 x + 1|} = ?$
- (B) -1
- (C) 0
- (D) ∞
- 66.  $\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \frac{\cos x \cos 2x}{1 \cos x} \right) = ?$ 
  - (A) 2/3
- (B) -2/3
- (C) 3/2
- (D) -3/2
- 67.  $\tan \frac{\pi}{8} = ?$ 

  - (A)  $1-\sqrt{2}$  (B)  $1+\sqrt{2}$

  - (C)  $\sqrt{2}-1$  (D)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}$
- 68.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{3}\right) \cot^{-1}\left(-\sqrt{3}\right)$  equals to

  - (A) 0 (B)  $2\sqrt{3}$
- (D) π

- 69. The vector of magnitude 9 and perpendicular to both the vectors  $\vec{a} = 4\hat{i} - \hat{i} + 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{i} - 2\hat{k}$  is
  - (A)  $-3\hat{i}+6\hat{j}+6\hat{k}$  (B)  $3\hat{i}-6\hat{j}+6\hat{k}$
  - (C)  $-3\hat{i}-6\hat{j}+6\hat{k}$  (D)  $3\hat{i}+6\hat{j}-6\hat{k}$
- If a is a real number and n is a positive integer 70.

then 
$$\begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ 0 & a \end{pmatrix}^n = ?$$

- (A)  $\begin{pmatrix} a^n & 1 \\ 0 & a^n \end{pmatrix}$
- (B)  $\begin{pmatrix} a^n & n \\ 0 & a^n \end{pmatrix}$
- (C)  $\begin{pmatrix} a^n & (n-1)a^{n-1} \\ 0 & a^n \end{pmatrix}$
- (D)  $\begin{pmatrix} a^n & na^{n-1} \\ 0 & a^n \end{pmatrix}$
- Solution of the differential equation

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = y^2$$
 is given by

- (A) y-1 = c x y (2) y = c x y 1
- - (3) xy = 1 + cx (4) y + 1 = cxy
- For the curve  $y = x e^x$  the point
  - (A) x = -1 is a minimum
  - (2) x = 0 is a minimum
  - (C) x = -1 is a maximum
  - (4) x = 0 is a maximum

Directions for Q.73 to Q.76: Find the odd-man out:

प्रश्न संख्या 73-76 के लिए निर्देश: असंगत विकल्प को चुनें

- 73. (A) spoon
- (B) tongs
- (C) chopsticks
- (D) fork
- (A) चम्मच
- (B) चिमटे
- (C) चीनी कांटा
- (D) कांटा
- 74. (A) start
- (B) finish
- (C) over
- (D) complete
- (A) पुरु
- (B) खत्म
- (C) समाप्त
- (D) पूरा
- 75. (A) QNPO
- (B) YVXW
- (C) LHKJ
- (D) URTS
- 76. (A) CEAF
- (B) HJFL
- (C) RTPU
- (D) LNJO

Directions for Q.77 to Q.81: In the following questions, there are four groups of letters in each. Three of these groups are alike in same way while one is different. Find the one that is different and will be your answer as well.

निर्देष : निम्नांकित प्रश्नों (77-81) में प्रत्येक में अक्षरों के चार समूह हैं। इनमें तीन एक ही तरह से समरूप हैं, जबकि एक भिन्न है। जो भिन्न है उसे बताएं और वही आप का उत्तर होगा।

- 77. (A) asibu
- (B) oarse
- (C) oinak
- (D) zamol
- 78. (A) DAG
- (C) NKQ
- (B) GJM (D) VSY
- 79. (A) ira
- (C) kas
- (B) aam (D) btd

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- 80. (A) yxz
- (B) cbd
- (C) nmo
- (D) pqo
- 81. (A) AiiR
- (B) MooX
- (C) VxxZ
- (D) DecY

## Directions for Q.82 to Q.83: Select the related letter/word/number/figure from the given alternatives.

निर्देष : प्रश्न (82–83) प्रदत्त विकल्पों में से संबंधित अक्षर/शब्द/संख्या/चित्र, चुनें।

- 82. BJNT: CIOS:: DHPV:?
  - (A) EGQU
- (B) EIQW
- (C) ELPV
- (D) EIOU
- 83. KIJM: QOPS:: MKLO:?
  - (A) LMOR
- (B) OMNS
- (C) KMOQ
- (D) SQRU

Directions for Q.84 and Q.85: Choose the most appropriate option.

- 84. If DELHI is coded as 73541 and CALCUTTA as 82589662, how can CALICUT be coded? अगर DELHI का कोड 73541 और CALCUTTA का 82589662 है, तो CALICUT का कोड क्या होगा?
  - (A) 5279431
- (B) 5978213
- (C) 8251896
- (D) 8543691

85. If in a code language PRINCIPAL is written as MBOQSOMVW and TEACHER is written as FDVSZDB, how is CAPITAL written in that code?

कोड की भाषा में अगर PRINCIPAL को MBOQSOMVW लिखा जा सकता है और TEACHER को FDVSZDB के रूप में तो CAPITAL को कैसे लिखेंगे?

- (A) SVMOFVW
- (B) SVMODVW
- (C) BVMODVW
- (D) SVMIDVW