

## A10.1-R4: INTRODUCTION TO OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

### NOTE:

1. There are **TWO PARTS** in this Module/Paper. **PART ONE** contains **FOUR** questions and **PART TWO** contains **FIVE** questions.
2. **PART ONE** is to be answered in the **TEAR-OFF ANSWER SHEET** only, attached to the question paper, as per the instructions contained therein. **PART ONE** is **NOT** to be answered in the answer book.
3. Maximum time allotted for **PART ONE** is **ONE HOUR**. Answer book for **PART TWO** will be supplied at the table when the answer sheet for **PART ONE** is returned. However, candidates, who complete **PART ONE** earlier than one hour, can collect the answer book for **PART TWO** immediately after handing over the answer sheet for **PART ONE**.

**TOTAL TIME: 3 HOURS**

**TOTAL MARKS: 100**  
**(PART ONE – 40; PART TWO – 60)**

### **PART ONE** **(Answer all the questions)**

1. Each question below gives a multiple choice of answers. Choose the most appropriate one and enter in the “tear-off” answer sheet attached to the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)
  - 1.1 Which one is not supported by OOP?
    - A) Abstraction
    - B) Polymorphism
    - C) Encapsulation
    - D) Global variables
  - 1.2 Which one is not a valid jump statement
    - A) return
    - B) goto
    - C) continue
    - D) break
  - 1.3 Constructors have return type
    - A) int
    - B) boolean
    - C) void
    - D) none
  - 1.4 The signature of a method consists of
    - A) Type of the parameters
    - B) Number of parameters
    - C) Name of the method
    - D) all of the above
  - 1.5 A package is a collection of
    - A) classes
    - B) interfaces
    - C) editing tools
    - D) classes and interfaces

- 1.6 Which exception is thrown by read( ) method?
- A) Exception
  - B) FileNotFoundException
  - C) ReadException
  - D) IOException
- 1.7 Which of the following statements about hierarchy of the class java.awt.Applet is incorrect?
- A) An applet is a kind of container
  - B) An applet is a kind of window
  - C) An applet is a kind of component
  - D) An applet is a kind of panel
- 1.8 Which one of these is not an AWT event class?
- A) MouseEvent
  - B) MouseMotionEvent
  - C) ItemEvent
  - D) WindowEvent
- 1.9 Which one is not a status of loading image in Media Tracker class
- A) COMPLETED
  - B) ABORTED
  - C) LOADING
  - D) SUSPENDED
- 1.10 UML depicts information systems as a collection of
- A) objects
  - B) processes
  - C) data
  - D) information

**2. Each statement below is either TRUE or FALSE. Choose the most appropriate one and ENTER in the “tear-off” sheet attached to the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)**

- 2.1 A java program can be run in any computer running any operating system.
- 2.2 The bitwise operators can operate on float type operands.
- 2.3 A subclass can be created which inherits only a few methods of the superclass.
- 2.4 The file class can be used to read and write data.
- 2.5 The terms BOLD, PLAIN, ITALIC specifies the type of a font.
- 2.6 Images can be used in creating JButton.
- 2.7 Container is a parent class of component.
- 2.8 BorderLayout Manager is always associated with the Box class.
- 2.9 Establishing a session is done through connection object.
- 2.10 Interaction diagrams describe how groups of objects collaborate in some behavior.

**3. Match words and phrases in column X with the closest related meaning/ word(s)/phrase(s) in column Y. Enter your selection in the “tear-off” answer sheet attached to the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)**

X		Y	
3.1	Constructor	<b>A.</b>	Are part of Java Foundation Classes
3.2	Break	<b>B.</b>	A driver that acts as a link or bridge between client and database server
3.3	Interfaces	<b>C.</b>	Can have variable columns (element)
3.4	Swing classes	<b>D.</b>	Method can be called without the instance of a class
3.5	Applet	<b>E.</b>	Is a statement when encountered takes the control to the end of the loop
3.6	JDBC	<b>F.</b>	A special method that is used to initialize an object
3.7	Multi-dimensional array	<b>G.</b>	Is a statement when executed, control skips the remaining portion of the loop
3.8	Static	<b>H.</b>	It is incharge of cleaning the memory space allocated to the objects that are not in use
3.9	Attribute	<b>I.</b>	Travel in the network as bytecode
3.10	Inception	<b>J.</b>	Makes an initial evaluation of a project
		<b>K.</b>	Notation describes a property as a line of text within the class box itself
		<b>L.</b>	Travel in the network as c-code
		<b>M.</b>	Help to realize the concept of multiple inheritance

4. Each statement below has a blank space to fit one of the word(s) or phrase(s) in the list below. Enter your choice in the “tear-off” answer sheet attached to the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

<b>A.</b>	Transition	<b>B.</b>	Software	<b>C.</b>	Overloading
<b>D.</b>	Overriding	<b>E.</b>	Visibility	<b>F.</b>	Not be
<b>G.</b>	Hardware	<b>H.</b>	Be	<b>I.</b>	Filter
<b>J.</b>	Wrapper classes	<b>K.</b>	Same	<b>L.</b>	Final
<b>M.</b>	Exception				

- 4.1 Variables names defined in different blocks can \_\_\_\_\_ the same.
- 4.2 When one or more methods have the same name but with different parameters, then the methods are called \_\_\_\_\_ methods.
- 4.3 A method declared as \_\_\_\_\_ can not have overriding method.
- 4.4 Package statement helps to create many classes to have \_\_\_\_\_ name.
- 4.5 User defined exception can be created using \_\_\_\_\_ class.
- 4.6 The \_\_\_\_\_ are defined in java.lang package.
- 4.7 \_\_\_\_\_ streams help to convert raw bytes into basic type of java.
- 4.8 Java virtual machine is a virtual computer built using \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4.9 \_\_\_\_\_ includes various late-stage activities that you don't do iteratively.
- 4.10 \_\_\_\_\_ is a subject that is simple in principle but has complex subtleties.

**PART TWO**  
(Answer any **FOUR** questions.)

- 5.**
- a) What are the layers of abstraction found in an object-oriented program?
  - b) Why java is important to the Internet?
  - c) What do you understand by UML meta-model?
- (5+5+5)**
- 6.**
- a) Explain the reasons to use Inheritance. Illustrate by an example that a protected feature is more accessible than a private one and less accessible than a public feature.
  - b) Will widespread software reuse become reality? Explain.
- (10+5)**
- 7.**
- a) What is an exception? How do we define try/catch block?
  - b) What are the following?
    - i) an applet
    - ii) Applet viewer
    - iii) an HTML tag
    - iv) an applet tag
  - c) What is AWT? Explain the difference between a component and a container. What is the purpose of the add( ) method?
- (5+4+6)**
- 8.**
- a) Explain the multiple and dynamic classification.
  - b) Describe the terms DataSource, DriverManager, Driver, Application classes in JDBC.
  - c) Explain the Deployment diagrams in UML.
- (5+4+6)**
- 9.** Write short notes on any **three** of the following:
- a) Interfaces and Inner Classes
  - b) Overloading and Overriding
  - c) Constructors & Destructors
  - d) Stream & Files
- (3x5)**