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C6-R4 : MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS

NOTE :

- 1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR questions from 2 to 7.
- 2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

- **1.** (a) Lossy and Lossless are two of the important compression techniques. Discuss the pros and cons of both of the techniques.
 - (b) What do you understand by Virtual Reality? Explain it in brief.
 - (c) Explain the basic MIDI message structure.
 - (d) Why we need MP3 compression technique and what are its disadvantages?
 - (e) How one can differentiate among Multimedia, Hypermedia, and Hypertext?
 - (f) Explain the content based image retrieval and its advantages over keywords/ metadata based image search.
 - (g) Storage requirements is one of the major consideration for Multimedia Systems. What are the major factors one should consider while allocating storage for such systems? (7x4)
- **2.** (a) Define Multimedia databases. What are the challenges faced for it?
 - (b) What do you understand by SMIL and SMIL documents? Give the list of some of the SMIL players. (9+9)
- **3.** (a) Consider the following block of frequency domain values from a video frame arising during MPEG compression:

190	200	5	135
1	7	125	205
12	70	72	195
75	68	140	132

Apply successively to this block:

- (i) MPEG quantization using a constant quantitation value of 64,
- (ii) Zig-zag scanning, and
- (iii) Run length encoding
- (b) What is advantages of using a video server and what should be the desirable property of a video server? (9+9)
- **4.** (a) What are the different kinds of frames that have to be processed while compressing a video using MPEG-2 encoding? Explain each of them.
 - (b) What are different QoS parameters of a Multimedia System? Discuss any four parameters. (9+9)

- 5. (a) Explain VRML scripting with the help of a suitable example.
 - (b) What is multimedia file systems and why do we need it?
 - (c) Differentiate between MPEG-2 and MPEG-4?
- 6. (a) Discuss the following transport protocols used with conferencing.
 - (i) TCP
 - (ii) UDP
 - (iii) RTP
 - (b) Explain the Huffman coding and show one can use it to encode the set of tokens:
 "BABACACADADABBCBABEBEDDABEEEBB". How is this message transmitted and how many bits are needed to transfer this coded message? (9+9)
- 7. (a) What does IEEE 1394 interface mean? What are different features supported by it and how it is different from USB?
 - (b) Discuss the following resource-scheduling techniques with real time consideration:
 - (i) Static Priority Scheduling,
 - (ii) Earliest Deadline First
 - (iii) Hierarchical Start-Time Fair Scheduling

(9+9)

(6+6+6)

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